Performance Analysis of IEEE 802.11ad in Large Scale **Deployments Through Experiments and Simulations**

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Motivation

- Extend the WLAN IEEE 802.11ad Model in ns3 to support scheduled access, spatial reuse, clustering, and relaying.
- Performance analysis of first COTS 802.11ad devices in large scale deployments.

802.11ad Model and Capabilities in ns-3

Channel Access:

- Supports CSMA/CA Channel Access, Service Period Channel Access, and Dynamic Allocation of Service Period as defined in IEEE 802.11ad amendment.
- Allocation of service periods for either isochronous or asynchronous traffic type.
- Customized admission control and resource allocation for traffic stream allocation.

DMG Relay Operation:

- Supports Half Duplex Decode and Forward (HD-DF) and Full Duplex Amplify and Forward (FD-AF) Relay operation modes for coverage area extension, improved link resilience against interruptions, and persistent multi-gigabit throughput.
- Incorporate frame exchange rules during a service period allocation as defined in the amendment for both FD-AF and HD-DF relay modes.

Relay Network Topology:



Half Duplex Decode and Forward Relay Operation Evaluation





Large Deployment Testbed

- A test bed of large number of TP-Link TALON 7200AD routers • with custom LEDE OS.
- The custom LEDE OS allows TALON routers to work in monitor mode, station mode, or access point mode.
- Study MAC layer efficiency, interference, spectrum sharing, • spatial sharing, and multi-AP deployment issues.



Decentralized Clustering:

- Allows co-channel APs to coordinate beaconing to avoid interference and enhance operation in dense environments.
- Support cluster formation and maintenance procedures.







References

[1] Implementation and Evaluation of a WLAN IEEE 802.11ad Model in ns-3. Hany Assasa, Joerg Widmer [2] Extending the IEEE 802.11 ad Model: Scheduled Access, Spatial Reuse, Clustering, and **Relaying.** Hany Assasa, Joerg Widmer